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Chibane Ouarda
Zaiti Zoubi

People's Republic of Algeria Democratic
Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research
Abdelhamid Ibn Badis University - Mostaganem
(Faculty of Law and Political Science)

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Under the high patronage of the rector of the University Abdelhamid Ben Badis – Mostaganem

Pr : Otmani Baghdad

University Formative Research Project: (PRFU)

"Modern Punitive Policy and its Role in Economic and Social Development"

University Formative Research Project: (PRFU)

The effectiveness of penal protection of the environment in Algerian legislation

In collaboration with

Human Rights and Public Liberties Laboratory
And the International Protection Unit for Human Rights and Public Liberties.

national Colloquium: (online)

National Criminal Policy in Confronting the Proliferation of New Psychoactive Substances (Synthetic Drugs)

On : . December 14th, 2026

◇

The Honorary President of the Forum:

Pr/ Abdelkader Fninekh

Forum President:

Pr/ Haidra Mohamed

Coordinator of the Forum:

Pr/ Mohamed Karim Noureddine

Important Dates:

Deadline for Abstract Submission:

November 07th, 2026

Deadline for responding to accepted submissions:

November 12th, 2026

Deadline for receiving complete contributions:

December 01st, 2026

Date of the Academic Day :

December 14th, 2026

The Language Used : Arabic, French, English.

Complete contributions should be sent to the email:

prfu.dfamille@gmail.com

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The forum's web link:

https://bmeet.univ-mosta.dz/rooms/xzg-1pb-04u-szb/join

Pr : HAIDRA Mohamed :

Pr : FERGAG Maamar :

-Methods for safeguarding the individual and society from NPS according to Sharia.

III: Security and Combatting Organized Crime

-Security challenges in monitoring and seizing NPS trafficking networks.
-The exploitation of technology and digital space for promotion and distribution.
-Mechanisms for international and regional security cooperation.

IV: The Judiciary and Criminal Policy

-Judicial challenges in proving crimes involving NPS.
-Punitive policy: Balancing deterrence, treatment, and reintegration.
-Alternative sanctions and their role in mitigating the spread of NPS.

V: Preventative and Awareness Approaches

-The role of educational and media institutions in raising awareness.
-The contribution of civil society in prevention.
-Multi-sectoral partnerships as a mechanism to limit proliferation.

Conditions for participation:

1- The intervention shouldbewithin one of the focusesdescribedabove.

2- The intervention shouldbe new and not previouslypublished or participated in scientificevents.

3- To write the intervention in accordance with scientific corigins and the accepted methodology.

4- Be within 10 pages to 15 pages.

5- To write in (Traditional Arabic) a scale of 16 per meter and 12 per margin, for Arabic a measure of 14 in (Times New Roman) and a line of 10 per margin for foreign languages.

policy, ensuring individual protection and societal safety through a robust national strategy based on prevention, deterrence, treatment, and reintegration.

The Problematic (Research Question)

Given the rapid spread of synthetic drugs and their ever-changing chemical structures, legal and security systems face a dilemma: legislation often lags in listing these materials in legal schedules, while criminal networks exploit this legislative vacuum.
The central questions are:
To what extent has national criminal policy succeeded in keeping pace with the rapid developments associated with New Psychoactive Substances?
What are the legislative, institutional, and judicial pathways required to ensure greater efficacy in prevention, combatting, and protecting society from these risks?

Objectives of the Forum:

1- Explaining the concept of new psychoactive substances and explaining their danger
2- Finding ways of international and regional cooperation to confront this scourge
3- Access to the most effective methods in combating psychotropic substances
4- Contributing to raising awareness in order to combat this scourge.

Focuses of the Forum:

I: The Legal and Legislative Framework

-The evolution of national legislative policy regarding NPS.
-The problematic nature of including NPS within legal schedules.
-A comparative analysis with international and UN legislation.

II: New Psychoactive Substances in Islamic Law (Sharia)

-The concept and types of NPS from a Sharia perspective.
-The ruling (Hukm) on the consumption and trafficking of NPS.

Problematic of the Academic Day :

The phenomenon of synthetic drugs, known as New Psychoactive Substances (NPS), has become one of the most critical challenges facing contemporary societies. These substances have profound negative impacts on health, psychological well-being, and social security, and are directly linked to transnational organized crime.

While traditional narcotics have been the primary focus of criminal and preventative policies for decades, current developments reveal a concerning shift in criminal patterns. Criminal networks are increasingly manufacturing synthetic substances with fluctuating chemical compositions, making them difficult to monitor or include in national legislation as quickly as they appear in illicit markets.

The gravity of these synthetic materials is exacerbated by their ease of manufacture and low cost compared to traditional drugs, making them highly attractive to vulnerable groups, particularly the youth. This presents serious challenges for policymakers and places a shared responsibility on the judiciary, security apparatus, and health and educational institutions to find a holistic and effective approach.

In this context, major questions have emerged regarding the capacity of national criminal policy to keep pace with these shifts and the efficacy of current legal texts in addressing these newly created substances. Furthermore, reality presents additional challenges related to modern trafficking and promotion methods—whether through digital networks or legitimate transport channels—necessitating the activation of new investigation and tracking mechanisms, as well as the enhancement of national and international security and judicial cooperation.

This national seminar serves as a scientific and institutional platform for judges, professors, researchers, and security and health officials to exchange expertise. The goal is to formulate a comprehensive vision to strengthen national criminal